

Application Security and Audit

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Getting Buy-In

- Emphasize the win-win nature of security
 - You're not out "to get" anyone
 - Goal is to protect employee and customer data, comply with regulations, and stay out of the headlines



High Level Areas

- Identify the “risk profile” of the app
- Review the architecture
- Authentication and authorization
- Auditing and logging
- Data validation
- Error Handling
- Cryptography

Vulnerabilities

➤ OWASP Top 10

- Lists the most serious web application vulnerabilities
- Latest version is 2007 (2010 rc1 released)

➤ 2009 CWE/SANS Top 25

- Insecure Interaction Between Components
- Risky Resource Management
- Porous Defenses



Static Code Scanning

- Helps with the identification of coding errors by automating the scanning of source code
- Must validate findings to identify false positives
- Logic errors are still a manual process

Free Tools

- Burp
- DHTML debugging
 - Dom Inspector
 - WebDeveloper
 - Firebug
- HTTP traffic analysis
 - LiveHTTPheaders
 - ModifyHeaders
 - TamperData
 - WebScarab
- XSS ME and SQL Inject ME



Challenges

- Gaining trust
- Communicating risk
- Following up with remediation actions (workflow)
- Sustainability



Objectives

- Get appsec integrated into the project management lifecycle.
- Ensure that the same mistakes are not being made over and over.
- Improve the ability of applications to pass audits.



Comments? Questions?

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